no de la la constanta

Amendments to the Specification:

Please amend the specification as follows:

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 47, line 7, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Referring now to Figure 2, an alternate presently preferred embodiment of a multi-compartment capsule 110 is shown comprising a primary capsule 111, a secondary capsule 120 and a tertiary capsule 130. The tertiary capsule 130 includes a base 134, a corresponding cap 132 and a receiving chamber 138 formed between the base and cap. The receiving chamber 138 is preferably formed having an internal periphery sufficient for receiving at least one active ingredient or medicament (e.g., pharmaeceutical, biotechnical, nutraceutical, vitamin, dietary supplement, mineral or combination thereof). Structurally, the tertiary capsule 130 is configured having a size sufficient for being selectively introduced within at least a portion of an internal periphery of a receiving chamber 128 defined between a base 124 and a corresponding cap 122 of the secondary capsule 120. One or more active ingredients or medicaments (e.g., pharmaeceutical, biotechnical, nutraceutical, vitamin, dietary supplement, mineral or combination thereof) may be introduced into at least a portion of the receiving chamber 128 of the secondary capsule 120, together with the introduction of the tertiary capsule 130 comprising its active ingredient(s). The secondary capsule 120 having its active ingredient(s) and housing the tertiary capsule 130 with its active ingredient(s) may then be selectively introduced within at least a portion of an internal periphery of a receiving chamber 118 of the primary capsule 111 defined between a base 124 114 and a corresponding cap 122 112. Preferably, the receiving chamber 118 of the primary capsule 111 may also include one or more active ingredients or medicaments (e.g., nutraceutical, vitamin, dietary supplement, mineral or pharmaeceutical, biotechnical, combination thereof) introduced therein.

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 58, line 22, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In one presently preferred embodiment, the dividing walls 626a, 626b, 626c, 626d, 426e 626e are preferably disposed or seated in a spaced apart relationship within the internal periphery of the base 624 of the secondary capsule 620 along the length of the longitudinally extending body, whereby forming five (5) independent receiving chambers 628a, 628b, 628c, 628d, 628e. Each receiving chamber 628a, 628b, 628c, 628d, 628e of the secondary capsule 620 are preferably configured having an internal periphery dimensionally sufficient for receiving one or more active ingredients or medicaments (e.g., pharmaeceutical, biotechnical, nutraceutical, vitamin, dietary supplement, mineral or combination thereof) therein.

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 63, line 15, and ending on page 64, line 2, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Preferably, the filling material 840 introduced into at least a portion of the internal periphery of the cap 812 may include a hydrophilic polymer, such as gelatin. It will be readily appreciated by those skilled in the art that other filling materials may be used, such as, for example, starch, casein, chitosan, soya bean protein, safflower protein, alginates, gellan gum, carrageenan, xanthan gum, phtalated gelatin, succinated gelatin, cellulosephtalate-acetate, polyvinylacetate, hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose, (HPMC), oleoresin, polyvinylacetate-phtalate, polymerisates of acrylic or methacrylic esters, and mixtures thereof, or the like, and/or combinations thereof. In other presently preferred embodiments of the present invention, the filling material 840 may include the introduction of an inert compound, for example, nitrogen gas into at least a portion of the internal periphery of the cap 811 812. Based on the principals of eliminating or reducing the volume dead space in

multi-compartment capsules disclosed herein, those skilled in the art will readily recognize other possible modifications and combinations which are consistent with the spirit and scope of the present invention. It is intended, therefore, that the examples provided herein be viewed as exemplary of the principles of the present invention, and not as restrictive to a particular structure or process for implementing those principles.

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 66, line 20 and ending on page 67, line 7, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Preferably, the filling material 940 introduced into at least a portion of the internal periphery of the cap 912 may include a hydrophilic polymer, such as gelatin. It will be readily appreciated by those skilled in the art that other filling materials may be used, such as, for example, starch, casein, chitosan, soya bean protein, safflower protein, alginates, gellan gum, carrageenan, xanthan gum, phtalated gelatin, succinated gelatin, cellulosephtalate-acetate, polyvinylacetate, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, oleoresin, polyvinylacetate-phtalate, polymerisates of acrylic or methacrylic esters, and mixtures thereof, or the like, and/or combinations thereof. In other presently preferred embodiments of the present invention, the filling material 840 940 may include the introduction of an inert compound, for example, nitrogen gas into at least a portion of the internal periphery of the cap 912. Based on the principals of eliminating or reducing the volume dead space in multi-compartment capsules disclosed herein, those skilled in the art will readily recognize other possible modifications and combinations which are consistent with the spirit and scope of the present invention. It is intended, therefore, that the examples provided herein be viewed as exemplary of the principles of the present invention, and not as restrictive to a particular structure or process for implementing those principles.

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 76, line 5, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The administration of glucosamine, a naturally occurring substance in mucopoly-saccharides, mucoproteins and chitin, is believed to promote the production of cartilage components and the repair of damaged cartilage. Clinical findings support that fibroblast cells increased production of mucopolyeaccharide mucopolysaccharide and collagen synthesis when glucosamine was added.

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 78, line 10, with the following rewritten paragraph:

[S-adenosylmethione S-adenosylmethionine (SAMe) (solid) & Vitamin E (liquid)]
S-adenosylmethione S-adenosylmethionine (SAMe), may be derived from two materials:
methionine, a sulfur-containing amino acid, and adenosine triphosphate (ATP), the body's
main energy compound. SAMe was originally developed around 1950 as an antidepressant.

Over the years, it has also been found that SAMe may assist in alleviating arthritic symptoms,
assist in the manufacture of melatonin, which is needed to regulate sleep, help protect DNA
from harmful mutations and prevent certain types of nerve damage.

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 79, line 4, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Receiving Chamber (218a):

S-adenosylmethione S-adenosylmethionine

1000 mg

[200-1600 mg/day]

Receiving Chamber (218b):

Vitamin E

200 IU

[200-400 IU/day]

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 87, line 29 and ending at page 88, line 6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

[Fluoxetine (solid), S-adenosylmethione S-adenosylmethionine (SAMe) (solid) & Vitamin E (liquid)]

As appreciated by those skilled in the art, depression is a mental state characterized by excessive sadness. Depression is one of several forms of mood disorders. Activity in those affected with depression may be agitated and restless or slow and retarded. Those affected may also show pessimistic or despairing behavior and may have disturbances in sleep, appetite and concentration. Depression is often a co-morbid condition with other chronic disease states involving the neurological system, cardiovascular system, respiratory system, endocrine system, musculoskeletal system, immune system, genitourinary system and the like. This list is should not be considered exclusive.

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 88, line 20, with the following rewritten paragraph:

S-adenosylmethione S-adenosylmethionine (SAMe), is derived from two materials: methionine, a sulfur-containing amino acid, and adenosine triphosphate (ATP), the body's main energy compound. SAMe was originally developed around 1950 as an antidepressant, but it was also found to be helpful in the alleviation of arthritic symptoms. SAMe is essential for the manufacture of melatonin, which is needed to regulate sleep. It also helps to protect DNA from harmful mutations and may help prevent certain types of nerve damage. Current clinical research is beginning to confirm these antidepressant qualities of SAMe.

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 89, line 20, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Receiving Chamber (218a):

Fluoxetine

20 mg

[20 - 60 mg/day]

S-adenosylmethione S-adenosylmethionine

1000 mg

[200-1600 mg/day]

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 94, line 1, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In an alternative presently preferred embodiment of the present invention, therapeutically effective amounts of Rofecoxib and Vitamin E (active ingredients) may be introduced into receiving chambers of a multi-compartment capsule wherein Rofecoxib comprises a physical state (e.g., solid, liquid, gas or dispersion) different from the physical state of Vitamin E. As shown in Figure 2, a therapeutically effective amount of Rofecoxib, in the form of a solid, may be introduced into receiving chamber 118 and 138 and a therapeutically effective amount of Vitamin E, in the form of a liquid, may be introduced into receiving chamber 128 of a multi-compartment capsule 110 of the present invention. The material forming the primary capsule shell 111 may be formulated in a manner allowing for immediate dissolution and release of the of the contents of receiving chamber 118. The material forming the secondary capsule shell 120 may be formulated in a manner allowing for either an immediate dissolution or a time-delayed dissolution and release of the contents of receiving chamber 128. The material forming the tertiary capsule shell 138 may be formulated in a manner allowing for time-delayed dissolution and release of the contents of

receiving chamber 138. In this presently preferred embodiment of the present invention, a total daily dosage of Rofecoxib may be delivered as two separate dosages within a single oral dosage form. One presently preferred embodiment of the present invention thus makes for a more convenient dosage form.

- Please replace the paragraphs starting at page 111, line 18, to page 134, line 48 with the following rewritten paragraphs:

MEDICAMENTS ACTING ON THE AUTONOMIC NERVOUS SYSTEM

Adrenergic Medicaments

Cholinergic Medicaments

Direct Muscarinic Agonists Choline Esters

acetylcholine

bethanechol (Urecholine URECHOLINE®)

carbachol

methacholine (Provocholine PROVOCHOLINE®)

Alkaloids

muscarine

pilocarpine (Pilocar PILOCAR®)

Direct Nicotinic Agonist

nicotine

Acetylcholinesterase Inhibitors Acetylcholinesterase Inhibitors ("Reversible")

edrophonium (Tensilon TENSILON®)

neostigmine (Prostigmin PROSTIGMIN®)

physostigmine (Antilirium ANTILIRIUM®)

Acetylcholinesterase Inhibitors ("Irreversible")

(diisopropylflurorphosphate DFP)

echothiophate (Phospholine PHOSPHOLINE®)

isoflurophate (Floropryl FLOROPRYL®)

Muscarinic Antagonists Atropine

ipratropium (Atrovent ATROVENT®)

pirenzepine

scopolamine

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2-PAM: Acetylcholinesterase Reactivator Pralidoxime (Protopam) {2-
PAM}:peripheral acetylcholinesterase reactivator for certain phosphoryl-enzyme
complexes
Ganglionic Blockers
      hexamethonium
      mecamylamine (Inversine INVERSINE®)
      trimethaphan
Catecholamines
       dobutamine (<del>Dobutrex</del> DOBUTREX®)
       dopamine (Intropin INTROPIN®)
       epinephrine
       isoproterenol (Isuprel ISUPREL®)
       norepinephrine (Levophed LEVOPHED®)
Direct Adrenoceptor Agonist Medicaments
       albuterol (Ventolin-VENTOLIN®, Proveritil PROVERITIL®)
      clonidine (Catapres CATAPRES®)
       methoxamine (Vasoxyl VASOXYL®)
       oxymetazohne (Afrin AFRIN®)
       phenylephrine (Neo-Synephrine NEO-SYNEPHRINE®)
       ritodrine (Yutopar YUTOPAR®)
       salmeterol (Serevent SEREVENT®)
       terbutaline (Brethine BRETHINE®)
Indirect-Acting Sympathomimetic Medicaments
       amphetamine
       cocaine
       ephedrine, Pseudoephedrine tyramine
Alpha-Adrenoceptor Antagonists Medicaments
       doxazosin (Cardura CARDURA®)
      labetalol (Trandate TRANDATE®, Normodyne NORMODYNE®)
       phenoxybenzamine (Dibenzyline DIBENZYLINE®)
       phentolamine (Regitine REGITINE®)
       prazosin (Minipress MINIPRESS®)
       terazosin (Hytrin HYTRIN®)
       tolazoline (Priscoline PRISCOLINE®)
       trimazosin
       yohimbine (<del>Yocon</del> YOCON<sup>®</sup>)
β-Adrenoceptor antagonist Medicaments
       atenolol (Tenormin TENORMIN®)
       butoxamine
      esmolol (Brevibloe BREVIBLOC®) labetalol (Trandate TRANDATE®, Normodyne NORMODYNE®)
       metoprolol (Lopressor LOPRESSOR®)
       nadolol (Corgard CORGARD®)
       pindolol (<del>Visken</del> VISKEN®)
       propranolol (Inderal INDERAL®)
       timolol (Blocadren BLOCADREN®)
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Adrenergic Neuron Blocking Medicaments guanethidine (Ismelin ISMELIN®) reserpine

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM DISORDERS

Cardiovascular testing and diagnosis

Hypertension (HTN)

Heart Failure

Ischemic Heart Disease

Myocardial Infarction

Arrhythmias

Isolated Diastolic Heart Failure and Cardiomyopathies

Cardiac Transplantation

Venous Thromboembolism

Stroke

Hyperlipidemia

Peripheral vascular disease

Diuretics

carbonic-anhydrase inhibitors loop diuretics osmotic diuretics potassium sparing diuretics thiazide diuretics

Anitiarrhythmic Medicaments

Sodium Channel blocking agents

isopyramide (Norpace NORPACE®)

flecainide (Tambocor TAMBOCOR®)

ibutilide

lidocaine (Xylocaine XYLOCAINE®)

mexiletine (Mexitil MEXITIL®)

moricizine (Ethmozine ETHMOZINE®

procainamide (Pronestyl PRONESTYL®, Procan PROCAN®)

propafenone (Rythmol RYTHMOL®)

quinidine

tocainide (Tonocard TONOCARD®)

Calcium Channel blocking agents

bepridil (Vasocor <u>VASOCOR</u>®)

diltiazem (Cardizem CARDIZEM®)

verapamil (Isoptin ISOPTIN®, Calan CALAN®)

Adrenergic receptor antagonists

propranolol (Inderal INDERAL®)

Other medicaments

adenosine (Adenocard ADENOCARD®)

amiodarone (Cordarone CORDARONE®)

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bretylium (Bretylol BRETYLOL®)
             disopyramide (Norpace NORPACE®)
             esmolol (Brevibloe BREVIBLOC®)
             sotalol (Betapace BETAPACE®)
      Hypolipidemic medicaments
             HMG CoA Reductase Inhibitors
                    atorvastatin (Lipitor LIPITOR®)
                    cerivistatin (Baycol BAYCOL®)
                    lovastatin (Mevacor MEVACOR®)
                    pravastatin (Pravochol PRAVOCHOL®)
                    simvastatin (<del>Zocor</del> ZOCOR®)
      Bile-acid sequestrants
             cholestyramine (Questran QUESTRAN®)
             colestipol (Colestid COLESTID®)
      Fibric acids
             clofilbrate
             fenofibrate (Tricor TRICOR®)
             gemfibrozil (Lopid LOPID®)
             niacin, nicotinic acid
             probucol (Lorelco LORELCO®)
Antihypertensive medicaments
      Adrenergic receptor antagonists
             acebutalol (Sectral SECTRAL®)
             atenolol (Tenormin TENORMIN®)
             betaxolol (Betoptic BETOPTIC®)
             bisoprolol (Zebeta ZEBETA®)
             carteolol (Cartrol CARTROL®)
             clonidine (Catapres CATAPRES®)
             labetalcl (Normodyne NORMODYNE®)
             metoprolol (Toprol TOPROL®)
             penbutalol (Levatol LEVATOL<sup>®</sup>
             pindolol (Visken VISKEN®)
             prazosin (Minipres MINIPRES®)
             propranolol (Inderal INDERAL®)
             terazosin (Hytrin HYTRIN®)
             timolol (Timoptic TIMOPTIC®)
      Calcium Channel Antagonists
             amlodipine (Norvase NORVASC®)
             diltiazem (Cardizem CARDIZEM®)
      felodipine (Plendil)
             isradipine (<del>Dynacire</del> DYNACIRC®)
             nicardipine (Cardene CARDENE®)
             nifedipine (Procardia PROCARDIA®)
             nimodipine (Nimotop NIMOTOP®)
             nisoldipine (Sular SULAR®)
             verapamil (Isoptin ISOPTIN®, Catan CATAN®)
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Angiotensin Converting Enzyme (ACE) Inhibitor
       benazepril (Lotensin LOTENSIN®)
       bepridil (<del>Vascor</del> VASCOR®)
       captopril (Capoten CAPOTEN®)
       enalapril (Vasotee VASOTEC®)
       fosinopril (Monopril MONOPRIL®)
       lisinopril (Prinivil PRINIVIL®, Zestril ZESTRIL®)
       moexipril (Univase UNIVASC®)
       quinapril (Accupril ACCUPRIL®)
       ramipril (Altace ALTACE®)
Angiotensin II Receptor Antagonists
       losartan (Cozaar COZAAR®)
       valasartan (<del>Diovan</del> <u>DIOVAN®</u>)
Diuretics
       amiloride (Midamor MIDAMOR®)
       bumetanide (Bumex BUMEX®)
       chlorothalidone (Hygroton HYGROTON®)
       ethacrynic acid (Edecrin EDECRIN®)
       furosemide (Lasix LASIX®)
       hydrochlorothiazide (<del>Diuril</del> DIURIL<sup>®</sup>)
       indapamide (Lozol LOZOL®)
       metolazone (Zaroxolyn ZAROXOLYN®)
       torsemide (Demadex DEMADEX®)
       triamterene
Other Agents
       hydralazine (Apresoline APRESOLINE®)
      minoxidil (Rogaine ROGAINE®)
       nitroprusside (Nipride NIPRIDE®)
       prazosin (Minipres MINIPRES®)
      reserpine
       sotalol (Brevibloe BREVIBLOC®)
       spironolactone (Aldactone ALDACTONE®)
       terazosin (Hytrin HYTRIN®)
Antianginal medicaments
       Organic nitrates
       Calcium Channel Antagonists
       Adrenergic Receptor Antagonists
       amyl nitrite
       erythrityl tetranitrate
       isosorbide dinitrate (Isordil ISORDIL®)
       nitroglycerin
       pentaerythritol tetranitrate
Congestive Heart Failure Medicaments
       phosphodiesterase (PDE) inhibitors
              amrinone (Inocor INOCOR®)
              milrinone (Primacor PRIMACOR®)
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carvedilol (Coreg COREG®)
cardiac glycosides
digitoxin
digoxin
diuretics
ACE Inhibitors
Dobutamine
dopamine

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DISORDERS

Asthma

Chronic Obstructive Lung Disease (COLD) / Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary

Disease (COPD)

Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome (ARDS)

Drug-Induced Pulmonary Disease

Cystic Fibrosis

Corticosteroids

beclomethasone

betamethasone

cortisone

dexamethasone

fluticasone (Flovent FLOVENT®/ Flonase / FLONASE®)

hydrocortisone

methylprednisolone

prednisolone

prednisone

triamcinolone

sympathomimetics

albuterol (Proventil PROVENTIL® / Ventolin / VENTOLIN®)

salmeterol (Serevent SEREVENT®)

muscarinic antagonists

ipratropium (Combivent COMBIVENT®)

leukotriene pathway inhibitors

montelukast (Singulair SINGULAIR®)

zafirtukast (Accolate ACCOLATE®)

mast cell stabilizers

cromolyn (Intal INTAL®)

methylxanthines

theophylline

aminophylline

Dnase (Pulmozyme)

GASTROINTESTINAL SYSTEM DISORDERS

Gastro-esophageal Reflux Disease (GERD)

Peptic Ulcer Disease

Inflammatory Bowel Disease

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Nausea and Vomiting
       Diarrhea, Constipation, Irritable Bowel Disease (IBD)
       Portal Hypertension and Cirrhosis
       Drug-Induced Liver Disease
       Pancreatitis
       Viral Hepatitis
       Liver Transplantation
       Histamine-2 receptor antagonists
              famotidine (Pepcid PEPCID®)
              nizatidine (Axid AXID®)
              pantoprazole (Protonix PROTONIX®)
              rabeprazole (Aciphex ACIPHEX®)
              ranitidine (Zantae ZANTAC®)
       Proton Pump Inhibitors (PPIs)
              esomeprazole (Nexium NEXIUM®)
              lansoprazole (Prevacid PREVACID®)
              omeprazole (Prilosee PRILOSEC®)
       Anti-nausea / anti-vertigo medicaments
              anticholinergics
                     antihistamines (Histamine-1 receptor antagonists)
                     dopamine antagonists
                     prokinetic gastric stimulant
                     serotonin 5HT<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonists
                            dolasetron (Anzmet ANZMET®)
                            granisetron (Kytril KYTRIL®)
                            ondansetron (Zofran ZOFRAN®)
              other medicaments
                     hydroxyzine (Atarax ATARAX®, Vistaril VISTARIL®)
                     corticosteroids
                     benzodiazepines
                     cannabinoids
Prokinetic gastric stimulants (gastric motility stimulants)
              cisapride (Propulsid)PROPULSID®)
              metoclopramide (Reglan REGLAN®)
       Laxatives
              Saline laxatives
              magnesium salts
              sodium salts
       irritant / stimulant medicaments
              cascara
              senna
              phenolphthalein
              bisacodyl
              casanthranol
              castor oil
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bulk-producing medicaments

methylcellulose

psyllium

polycarbophil

lubricant

mineral oil

surfactants

docusate

miscellaneous

glycerin

lactulose

Anti-diarrheal medicaments

diphenoxylate

atropine

diphenoxin

loperamide

bismuth

lactobacillus

Ulcerative Colitis Medicaments

mesalamine

olsalazine

RENAL SYSTEM DISORDERS

Acute Renal Failure

Progressive Renal Failure / Chronic Renal Failure

NEUROLOGIC SYSTEM DISORDERS

Multiple Sclerosis and inflammatory polyneuropathies

Epilepsy

Parkinson's disease and Movement Disorders

Pain management

Headache

Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis

Anti-epileptic medicaments

carbamazepine (Tegretol TEGRETOL®)

divalproex sodium (Depakote DEPAKOTE®)

felbamate (Felbatol FELBATOL®)

gabapentin (Neurontin NEURONTIN®)

lamotrigine (Lamictal LAMICTAL®)

oxcarbazepine (Trileptal TRILEPTAL®)

phenytoin (Dilantin DILANTIN®)

topiramate (Topamax TOPAMAX®)

zonisamide (Zonegran ZONEGRAN®)

Antimigraine medicaments

Serotonin 5HT₁d receptor agonists

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almotriptan (Axert AXERT®)
             frovatriptan (Frova FROVA®)
             naratriptan (Amerge AMERGE®)
             rizatriptan (Rizalt RIZALT®)
             sumatriptan (Imitrex IMITREX®)
             zolmitriptan (Zomig ZOMIG®)
       ergot alkaloids
             dihydroergotamine (DHE®)
             isometheptine/dichlorophenazone (Midrin MIDRIN®)
             caffeine
             pizotifen (Sanomigran SANOMIGRAN®)
       Sedative-hypnotic Medicaments
             benzodiazepines
                    alprazolam (Xanax XANAX®)
                    clonazepam (Kloriopin KLORIOPIN®)
                    clorazepate (Tranxene TRANXENE®)
                    diazepam (Valium VALIUM®)
                    flumazenil (Romazicon ROMAZICON®) - antagonist
                    lorazepam (Ativan ATIVAN®)
                    midazolam (<del>Versed</del> <u>VERSED®</u>)
                    triazolam (Haleion HALCION®)
             barbiturates/Anesthetics
pentobarbital (Nembutal)
                    Phenobarbital (Luminal LUMINAL®
                    thiopental (Pentothal PENTOTHAL
             non-depressant anxiolytic
                    buspirone (BuSpar BUSPAR®)
       Treatment of alcoholism
             disulfiram (Antabuse ANTABUSE®)
       Pain Management Medicaments
             Opioids
                    Opioid Peptides
                           beta-endorphin
                           dynorphin
                           enkephalins
                    Agonists
                           codeine
                           etorphine
                           fentanyl (Sublimaze SUBLIMAZE®)
                           hydrocodeine
                           hydromorphone
                           rneperidine (Demerol DEMEROL®)
                           methadone (<del>Dolophine</del> DOLOPHINE®)
                           morphine
                           oxycodone
                           propoxyphene
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Agonist-antagonists

buprenorphine

Partial Agonist

dezocine (Dalgan <u>DALGAN®</u>)

nalbuphine (Nubain NUBAIN®)

pentazocine (Talwain TALWAIN®)

Antagonist

naloxone (Narcan NARCAN®)

Non-opiate

acetaminophen (tylenol TYLENOL®)

tramadol (ultram <u>ULTRAM®</u>)

Anti-Parkinsonism Medicaments

levodopa

carbidopa

bromocriptine (Parlodel PARLODEL®)

pergolide (Permax PERMAX®)

amantadine (Symmetrel SYMMETREL®)

selegiline (Deprenyl <u>DEPRENYL</u>®)

anticholinergic agents

dopamine Agonists

pramipexole (Mirapex MIRAPEX®)

ropinirole (Requip REQUIP®)

COMT inhibitors

entacapone (Comtan COMTAN®)

tolcapone (Tasmar TASMAR®)

Anti-Spasticity Medicaments

baclofen (Lioresal LIORESAL®)

botulinum toxin type A (Botox BOTOX®

carisoprodol (Soma SOMA®, Rela RELA®)

chlorphenesin (Maolate MAOLATE®)

chlorzoxazone (Paraflex PARAFLEX

cyclobenzaprine (Flexeril FLEXERIL®)

dantrolene (Dantrium DANTRIUM®)

diazepam (Valium VALIUM®)

metaxalone (Skelaxin SKELAXIN®)

methocarbamol (Robaxin ROBAXIN®)

orphenadrine (Nor-flex NOR-FLEX®)

tizanidine (Zanaflex ZANAFLEX®)

PSYCHIATRIC SYSTEM DISORDERS

Childhood psychiatric disorders

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) / Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD)

Eating disorders

Alzheimer's disease and Dementia Disorders

Substance abuse and Addictive Disorders

alcohol, tobacco and caffeine abuse Schizophrenia Depressive disorders Bipolar disorders Anxiety disorders Obsessive-Compulsive disorders Sleep disorders **Psychostimulant Medicaments** amphetamine mixed salts (Adderall ADDERALL®) dextroamphetamine (Dexedrine DEXEDRINE®) methylphenidate (Ritalin RITALIN®, Concerta CONCERTA®) Antipsychotic Medicaments (dopamine antagonists) Phenothiazine type chlorpromazine (Thorazine THORAZINE®) fluphenazine (Prolixin PROLIXIN®) Thioxanthene type thiothixene (Navane NAVANE®) Butyrophenone type haloperidol (Haldol HALDOL®) Dibenzodiazepine type clozapine (Clozaril CLOZARIL®) Thienobenzodiazepine type olanzapine (Zyprexa ZYPREXA[®]) quetiapine (Seroquel SEROQUEL®) **Antidepressant Medicaments** Tricyclic antidepressants (TCA's) amitriptyline (Elavil EVAVIL®, Endep ENDEP®) clomipramine (Anafranil ANAFRANIL®), also a SSRI desipramine (Norpramin NORPRAMIN®) doxepin (Sinequan SINEQUAN®) imipramine (Tofranil TOFRANIL®) maprotiline (Ludiomil LUDIOMIL®) nortriptytine (Aventyl AVENTYL®, Pamelor PAMELOR®) protriptyline (Vivactil VIVACTIL®) Monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAO-I's) clorgyline (specific for MAO type A) isocarboxazid (Marplan MARPLAN®) phenelzine (Nardil NARDIL®) tranylcypromine (Parnate PARNATE®) Second Generation Medicaments (not including SSRIs) amoxapine (Asendin ASENDIN®) bupropion (Wellbutrin WELLBUTRIN®) netazodone (Serzone SERZONE®) trazodone (Desyrel DESYREL®) Serotonin-Specific Reuptake Inhibitors (SSRIs)

citalopram (Celexa <u>CELEXA</u>[®])
clomipramine (Anafranil <u>ANAFRANIL</u>[®])
escitalopram (Lexapro <u>LEXAPRO</u>[®])
fluoxetine (Prozae <u>PROZAC</u>[®])
fluvoxamine (Luvox <u>LUVOX</u>[®])
paroxetine (Paxil <u>PAXIL</u>[®])
sertraline (Zoloft <u>ZOLOFT</u>[®])

Other

lithium mirtazapine (Temeron TEMERON®) venlafaxine (Effexor EFFEXOR®)

Anti-anxiety agents

barbiturates
benzodiazepines
buspirone (Buspar BUSPAR®) chloral hydrate
doxepin
hydroxyzine
sedative-hypnotics
serotonin reuptake inhibitors

Anti-demential Medicaments

cholinesterase inhibitors
donepezil (Aricept ARICEPT®)
galantamine (Reminyl REMINYL®)
rivastigmine (Exelon EXELON®)
tacrine (Cognex COGNEX®)

ENDOCRINOLOGIC SYSTEM DISORDERS

Diabetes mellitus Thyroid disorders Adrenal Gland disorders Pituitary Gland disorders

ACTH

Adrenal androgens Adrenocortical Function Antagonists Mineralocorticoid antagonists

Anti-Diabetic Medicaments

Insulin

Sulfonylureas

acetohexamide (Dymelor <u>DYMELOR</u>®)

chlorpropamide (Diabinese <u>DIABINESE</u>®)

glimepiride (Amaryl <u>AMARYL</u>®)

glipizide (Glucotrol <u>GLUCOTROL</u>®)

glyburide (Micronase <u>MICRONASE</u>®, DiaBeta <u>DIABETA</u>®)

tolazamide (Tolinase <u>TOLINASE</u>®)

tolbutamide (Orinase ORINASE®)

Biguanides

metformin (Glucophage GLUCOPHAGE®)

Alpha-glucosidase Inhibitors

acarbose (Precese PRECOSE®)

miglitol (Glyset GLYSET®)

Thiazolidinedione Derivatives

pioglitazone (Actos ACTOS®)

rosiglitazone (Avandia AVANDIA®)

troglitazone (Rezulin REZULIN®)

Thyroid Disorder Medicaments

Levothyroxine

Liothyronine

Liotrix

Hypothalamic and Pituitary Gland Medicaments

bromocriptine (Parlodel PARLODEL®)

chorionic gonadotropin (hCG®)

corticotropin generic (ACTH®)

cosyntropin (Cortrosyn CORTROSYN®)

desmopressin (DDAVP®)

gonadorelin acetate (GnRH) (Lutrepulse LUTREPULSE®)

gonadorelin hydrochloride (GnRH) (Factrel FACTREL®)

goserelin acetate (Zoladex ZOLADEX®)

growth hormone

histrelin (Supprelin SUPPRELIN®)

leuprolide (Lupron LUPRON®)

menotropins (hMG) (Pergonal PERGONAL®, Humegon-

HUMEGON®)

natarelin (Synarel SYNAREL®)

octreotide (Sandostatin SANDOSTATIN®)

oxytocin (Pitocinit PITOCINIT®, Syntocinon SYNTOCINON®)

pergolide (Permax PERMAX®)

protirelin (Thypinone THYPINONE®, Relefact TRH RELEFACT

TRH®)

sermorelin (GHRH) (Geref GEREF®)

somatrem (Protropin PROTROPIN®)

somatropin (Humatrope HUMATROPE®, Nutropin NUTROPIN®)

thyrotropin (TSH) (Thytropar THYTROPAR®)

urofollitropin (Metrodin METRODIN®)

vasopressin (Pitressin Synthetic)

GYNECOLOGIC SYSTEM AND OBSTETRIC CONDITIONS

Pregnancy and Lactation

Infertility

Contraception

Menstruation-related disorders

Endometriosis
Hormone Replacement Therapy (HRT)

Conjugated estrogens (Premarin PREMARIN®)
desogestrel
di-norgestrel
ethinyl diacetate
ethinyl estradiol
levonorgestrel
medroxyprogesterone
norethindrone norgestimate
progesterone

UROLOGIC SYSTEM DISORDERS

Erectile Dysfunction Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy Urinary Incontinence

apomorphine
alprostadit
phosphodiesterase (PDE-5) inhibitors
sildenafil (Viagra <u>VIAGRA</u>®)
tadalafil (Cialis <u>CIALIS</u>®)
vardenafil (Levitra <u>LEVITRA</u>®)
tolterodine (Detrol <u>DETROL</u>®)
tamulosin (Flomax <u>FLOMAX</u>®)
yohimbine

IMMUNOLOGIC SYSTEM DISORDERS

Systemic Lupus Erythematosus and other Collagen-vascular diseases Allergic and pseudo-allergic drug reactions

BONE AND JOINT SYSTEM DISORDERS

Osteoporosis and Osteomalacia Rheumatoid Arthritis Osteoarthritis Gout and hyperuricemia

Medicaments used in the Control of Inflammation

Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
aspirin
diclofenac (Cataflam CATAFLAM®, Voltaren VOLTAREN®)
diflusnisal (Dolobid DOLOBID®)
etodolac (Lodine LODINE®)
fenoprofen (Nalfon NALFON®)
flubiprofen (Ansaid ANSAID®)

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ibuprofen (Motrin MOTRIN®, Advil ADVIL®, Nuprin NUPRIN®)
              indomethacin (Indocin INDOCIN®)
              ketoprofen (Orudis ORUDIS®)
              ketorolac (Toradol TORADOL®)
              meclofenamate
              nabumetone (Relafen RELAFEN®)
              naproxen (Naprosyn NAPROSYN®)
              oxaprozin (<del>Daypro</del> DAYPRO<sup>®</sup>)
              phenylbutazone
              piroxicam (Feldene FELDENE®)
              salicytate
              sulindac (Clinoril CLINORIL®)
              tolmetin (Tolectin TOLECTIN®)
       Cyclocxygenase-2 inhibitors (COX-2)
              celecoxib (Celebrex CELEBREX®)
              rofecoxib (<del>Vioxx</del> VIOXX®)
Arthritis and Gout Medicaments
       allopurinol
       anti-malarial compounds
              chloroquine
       colchicine
       enbrel
       Glucocorticoids
       Gold
      methotrexate
      NSAIDs
       Penicillamine
Other Medicaments
       alendronate (Fosamax FOSAMAX®)
       raloxifene (Evista EVISTA®)
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DISORDERS OF THE EYES, EARS, NOSE, AND THROAT SYSTEMS

Glaucoma

Allergic rhinitis

Histamine-1 receptor antagonists

brompheniramine (Dimetane DIMETANE®)

cetirizine (Zyrtee ZYRTEC®)

chlorpheniramine (Chlor-Trimeton CHLOR-TRIMETON®)

clemastine (Tavist TAVIST®)

cyproheptadine (Periactin PERIACTIN®)

dimenhydrinate (Dramamine DRAMAMINE®)

diphenhydramine (Bendaryl BENDARYL®)

doxylamine (Sominex SOMINEX®, Unisom UNISOM®)

fexofenadine (Allegra ALLEGRA®)

loratidine (Claritin CLARITIN®)

Sympathomimetic medicaments pseudoephedrine (Sudated)

DERMATOLOGIC SYSTEM DISORDERS

Acne

Psoriasis

Rosacea and pigmentation disorders

HEMATOLOGIC SYSTEM DISORDERS

Hematopoeisis

Anemias

Coagulation disorders

Sickle-cell anemia

Drug-induced hematologic disorders

Coagulation disorders Medicaments

aspirin

clopidogrel (Plavix PLAVIX®)

fibrinolytic inhibitors

fibrinolytics

glycoprotein (GP) IIb/IIIa antagonists / monoclonal antibodies

abciximab (Reopro REOPRO®)

eptifibatide (Integrelin INTEGRELIN®)

tiofibran (Aggrastat AGGRASTAT®)

heparin

low-molecular weight heparins

Plasma fractions - blood factors

ticlopidine (Ticlid TICLID®)

vitamin K

warfarin (Coumadin COUMADIN®)

INFECTIOUS SYSTEM DISEASES

Central Nervous System (CNS) infections

Lower Respiratory Tract Infections

Upper Respiratory Tract Infections

Skin and Soft Tissue Infections

Infective Endocarditis

Tuberculosis

Gastrointestinal Infections and Enterotoxigenic poisonings

Intra-abdominal Infections

Parasitic diseases

Urinary Tract Infections and Prostatis

Sexually Transmitted Diseases

Bone and Joint Infections

Sepsis and Septic Shock
Superficial Fungal Infections
Invasive Fungal Infections
Infections in Immunocompromised Patients
Antimicrobial prophylaxis in Surgery
Vaccines, toxoids, and other immunobiologics
Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection

Medicaments used in Infectious diseases

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Cell Wall Synthesis Inhibitors
      Penicillins
      amoxicillin (Amoxil Polymox AMOXIL POLYMOX®)
      ampicillin (Principen PRINCIPEN®, Omnipen OMNIPEN®)
      benzathine Penicillin G
      benzyl Penicillin (Penicillin G PENICILLIN G®)
      carbenicillin (Geocillin GEOCILLIN®)
      cloxacillin (Cloxapen CLOXAPEN®)
      dicloxacillin (Dynapen DYNAPEN®)
      methicillin (Staphcillin STAPHCILLIN®)
      mezlocillin
      nafcillin (Nafcil NAFCIL®, Unipen UNIPEN®)
      oxacillin
      phenoxymethyl Penicillin (Penicillin V PENICILLIN V®)
      piperacillin (PipracH PIPRACH®)
      ticarcillin (Ticar TICAR®)
Cephalosporins
      1st generation:
             cefazolin (Ancef ANCEF®, Defzol DEFZOL®)
             cephalexin (Keflex KEFLEX®)
             cephatothin (Keflin KEFLIN®)
      2nd generation:
             cefaclor (Ceclor CECLOR®)
             cefoxitin (Mefoxin MEFOXIN®)
             cefpodoxime (Vantin VANTIN®)
             cefuroxime (Zinacef ZINACEF®, Ceftin CEFTIN®)
             loracarbef (Lorabid LORABID®)
      3rd generation:
             cefoperazone
             cefotaxime (Claforan CLAFORAN®)
             cefotetan
             ceftazidime (Fortax FORTAX®, Taxidime TAXIDIME®, Tazicef
             TAZICEF®)
             ceftriaxone (Rocephin ROCEPHIN®)
             veftizoxime (Cefizox CEFIZOX®)
      4th generation:
             cefepime
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Other beta-Lactams aztreonam (Azactan AZACTAN®)
      clavulanic acid
      imipenem (Primaxin PRIMAXIN®)
      meropenem (Merrem-IV MERREM IV®)
      sulbactam
Other Cell-Wall Synthesis Inhibitors bacitracin
      cycloserine
      fosfomycin (Monurol MONUROL®)
      vancomycin (Vancocin VANCOCIN®)
Agents Which Affect Cell Membranes
      Polymixins
             Colistimethate
             Potymyxin B
Protein Synthesis Inhibitors
      Aminoglycosides
             amikacin (Amikin AMIKIN®)
             gentamicin (Garamycin GARAMYCIN®)
             kanamycin (Kantrex KANTREX®)
             neomycin
             netilmicin (Netromycin NETROMYCIN®)
             streptomycin
             tobramycin
      Tetracyclines
             demeclocycline (Declomycin DECLOMYCIN®)
             doxycycline
             doxycyclmne (Vibramycin VIBRAMYCIN®, Doryx DORYX®)
             tetracycline (Achromycin ACHROMYCIN®)
      Macrolides
             azithromycin (Zithromax ZITHROMAX®)
             clarithromycin (Biaxin BIAXIN®)
             erythromycin esters erythromycin
      Other Protein Synthesis Inhibitors
             Chloramphenicol (Chloromycetin CHLOROMYCETIN®)
             Clindamycin (Cleocin CLEOCIN®)
             Spectinomycin (Trobicin TROBICIN®)
      Inhibitors of Folate-Dependent Pathways
             co-trimoxazole
             silver Sulfadiazine
             sodium Sulfacetamide
             sulfamethoxazole (Gantanol GANTANOL®)
             sulfasalazine (Azulfidine AZULFIDINE®) (Salicylazosulfapyridine
             SALICYLAZOSULFAPYRIDINE®)
             sulfisoxazole (Gantrisin GANTRISIN®)
             sulfonamides
      Dihydrofolate Reductase Inhibitor
             trimethoprim
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DNA Gyrase Inhibitors
      ciprofloxacin (Cipro CIPRO®)
      gatifloxacin (Tequin TEQUIN®)
      levofloxacin (Levaquin LEVAQUIN®)
      lomefloxacin (Maxaguin MAXAOUIN®)
      nalidixic acid
      ofloxacin (Floxin FLOXIN®)
Urinary Tract Antiseptics
      nitrolurantoin
Antimyobacterial Agents
      First-line anti-TB medicaments
             ethambutol
             isoniazid (INI-I®)
             pyrazinamide
             rifampin (Rimactane RIMACTANE®)
             streptomycin
      Second-line anti-TB medicaments
             capreomycinA
             cycloserine
             dapsone
             ethionamide
             para-aminosalicylic acid
AntiFungal Agents
      amphotericin B (Fungizone FUNGIZONE®, Amphotee
      AMPHOTEC®)
      clotrimazole (Mycelex MYCELEX®)
      fluconazole (Diflucan DIFLUCAN®)
      flucytosine
      griseofulvin
      itraconazole (Sporanox SPORANOX®)
      ketoconazole (Nizoral NIZORAL®)
      miconazole (Monistat MONISTAT®)
      nystatin (Mycostatin MYCOSTATIN®)
AntiParasitic Agents
Antimalarials
      chloroquine (Aralen ARALEN®)
      mefloquine (Lariam LARIAM®)
      primaquine
      pyrimethamine-sulfadoxine (Fansidar FANSIDAR®)
Anti protozoals
      metronidazole (Flagyl FLAGYL®)
      pentamidine isethionate
      pyrimethamine-sulfonamide
      trimethoprim (generic) sulfamethoxazole (Gantanol
      GANTANOL®)
Antihelminthic Medicaments
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mebendazole praziquantel (Biltricide BILTRICIDE®) pyrantel pamoate thiabendazole (Mintezol MINTEZOL®) **Antiviral Medicaments** acyclovir (Zovirax ZOVIRAX®) didanosine (DDI[®]) foscarnet (Foscavir FOSCAVIR®) ganciclovir (DHPG®, Cytovene CYTOVENE®) ribavirin rimantadine stavudine (d4T)) valacyclovir (Valtrex VALTREX®) vidarabine (Vira-A VIRA-A®) zalcitabine (ddC DDC®) zidovudine (Azidothymidine AZIDOTHYMIDINE®, AZT®) Protease inhibitors indinavir (Crixivan CRIXIVAN®) ritonavir (Norvir NORVIR®) saquinavir (Fortovase FORTOVASE®)

ONCOLOGIC AND IMMUNOLOGICAL DISORDERS

Breast Cancer
Lung Cancer
Colorectal Cancer
Prostate Cancer
Malignant Lymphomas
Ovarian Cancer
Acute Leukemias
Chronic Leukemias
Melanoma and other Skin Cancers
Hematopoeitic Stem Cell Transplantation

Anti-neoplastic Medicaments

Alkylating Agents
busulfan (Myleran MYLERAN®)
carboplatin (Paraplatin PARAPLATIN®)
carmustine (BNCU BNCU®,BiCNU®)
cisplatin (Platinol PLATINOL®)
cyclophosphamide (Cytoxan CYTOXAN®)
ifofamide (Ifex IFEX®)
lomustine (CCNU®,CeeNU®)
mechlorethamine (Mustargen MUSTARGEN®)
meiphalan (Alkeran ALKERAN®)
procarbazine (Matulane MATULANE®)
thiotepa

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Antimetabolites
             folic acid Antagonist
             methotrexate
      Purine Antagonists 6-mercaptopurine
             6-thioguanine
      Pyrimidine Antagonists
             cytarabine (ARA-C®)
             fluorouracil (5-FU<sup>®</sup>)
      Hormonal Agents: Hormones
             diethylstilbestrol (DES<sup>®</sup>)
             estrogens
             prednisone (Deltasone DELTASONE®)
      Modulation of Hormone Release & Action Aminoglutethimide
             leuprolide acetate
             tamoxifen (Nolvadex NOLVADEX®)
      Plant Alkaloids
             Vinca Alkaloids
                    vinblastine (<del>Velban</del> VELBAN®)
                    vincristine (Oncovin ONCOVIN®)
             Podophyllotoxins
                    Etoposide (VP-16<sup>®</sup>)
             Other
                    docetaxel (Taxotere TAXOTERE®)
                    paclitaxel (Taxol TAXOL®)
      Antibiotics
             bleomycin (Blenoxane BLENOXANE®)
             dactinomycin (Cosmegen COSMEGEN®)
             daunorubicin (DaunoXome DAUNOXOME®)
             doxorubicin (Adriamycin ADRIAMYCIN®)
             mitomycin (Mutamycin MUTAMYCIN®)
      Other Anti-neoplastic Medicaments
             amsacrine (AMSA®)
             azathioprine (Imuran IMURAN®)
             capecitabine (Xeloda XELODA®)
             chlorambucil (Leukeran LEUKERAN®)
             cyclosporine (Sandimmune SANDIMMUNE®, Neoral NEORAL®)
             gemcitabine (Gemzar GEMZAR®)
             hydroxyurea (Hydrea HYDREA®)
             mitotane (Sodren SODREN®)
             mitoxantrone (Novantrone NOVANTRONE®)
             pamidronate (Aredia AREDIA®)
Immunosuppressant Medicaments
      15-desoxyspergualin
      corticosteroids
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cyclosporine Interferons

No. of Cont.

Interleukins mycophenolate mofetil sirolimus (rapamycin RAPAMYCIN®) tacrolimus thalidomide

NUTRITIONAL DISORDERS

Malnutrition, vitamin and mineral deficiencies Enteral Nutrition Obesity

orlistat (Xenical XENICAL®) appetite suppressants sympathomimetic stimulants amphetamine stimulants

Mineral supplementation calcium ion iodine

iron

magnesium ion phosphorous

potassium ion

selenium

sodium ion

zinc

Fat-soluble vitamins

vitamin A

vitamin D

vitamin E

vitamin K

Water-soluble vitamins

vitamin C

thiamine (vitamin B1)

riboflavin (vitamin B2)

niacin (vitamin B3)

pyridoxine (vitamin B6)

folate

cyanocobalamin (vitamin B12)

MEDICAMENTS USED TO ALLEVIATE SYMPTOMS OF ALLERGIC RHINITIS, UPPER RESPIRATORY SYMPTOMS, COUGH, MILD ACHES AND PAINS

Nasal Decongestants
ephedrine
phenylephrine
phenylpropanolamine
pseudoephedrine

Antihistamines (Histamine-1 receptor antagonists)

Antitussive agents

benzonatate

codeine

dextromethorphan

Expectorants

guaifenesin

iodinated glycerol

terpin hydrate

Xanthines

aminophylline

caffeine

dyphylline

theophylline

Pain relievers

narcotic agonists

NSAIDS

acetam inophen

DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS

Arnica

Bilberry

Black Cohosh

Cat's claw

Chamomile

Echinacea

Evening Primrose Oil

Fenugreek

Flaxseed

Feverfew

Garlic

Ginger root

Ginkobiloba

Ginseng

Goldenrod

Hawthorn

Kava-Kava

Licorice

Milk thistle

Psyllium

Rauwolfia

Senna

Soybean

St. John's wort

Saw palmetto

Turmeric

Valerian

THERAPEUTIC PROTEINS and Biotechnology Medicaments

Additional Agents: Norvase NORVACS®, Neurontin NEURONTIN®, Paxil PAXIL®, Augmentin AUGMENTIN®, Propecia PROPECIA®, Lamisil LAMISIL®, Lescol LESCOL®, bisphosphonate.

OTHER DRUGS

abacavir sulfate acetazolamide acetylsalicylic acid albendazole allopurinol amiloride hydrochloride amitriptyline hydrochloride artemether atropine sulfate benznidazole biperiden hydrochloride chloroquine phosphate chlorpheniramine maleate chlorpromazine hydrochloride cimetidine ciprofloxacin hydrochloride clofazimine clomiphene citrate clomipramine hydrochloride cloxacillin sodium codeine phosphate dapsone didanosine diethylcarbamazine citrate digoxin diloxanide furoate DL-methionine Doxycycline Efavirenz ergometrine maleate ergotamine tartrate erythromycin ethyl succinate ethambutol hydrochloride ethosuximide ferrous sulfate

- Please replace the paragraph starting at page 135, line 12, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Further by way of examples, capsules containing Zofran ZOFRAN® (ondansertron), Temodar TEMODAR® (temozolomide) can be made.